

Legalized Sports Betting as of February 2024

State	Regulatory body	Brick and mortar locations	Online/mobile	Problem gambling provisions in sports betting legislation?	Dedicated funding?
Arizona (ARS 5-1301-5-1321)	Arizona Department of Gaming	Sports facilities, venues within a 5-block radius of sports facilities, within ¼ mile from a sports facility, and in an adjacent retail center (if within 1 mile of Tribal gaming facility)	Yes	Self-exclusion; licensees must inform players that help is available for problem gamblers and provide contact information for helpline.	No
Arkansas constitutional amendment Const. Amend. 100 § 4	Arkansas Racing Commission	Casinos; Crittendon County, Garland County, Pope County, and Jefferson County	Yes	None	At least \$200,000 annually for compulsive gambling disorder treatment and compulsive gambling disorder educational programs. ⁱ
Colorado § 44-3-1509	Colorado Department of Revenue, Division of Gaming	Casinos	Yes	Operators must display a responsible gaming logo; self-exclusion; direct marketing prohibited to sports betting participants; responsible advertising and promotions; operators must submit a responsible gaming program.	Tax revenues go to the sports betting fund, \$130,000 of which is given annually to the Office of Behavioral Health to address problem gambling.
Connecticut Public Act No. 21-23 Public Act No. 17-209	Connecticut Lottery Corporation; Department of Consumer Protection	OTBs, licensed retail facilities, Tribal casinos	Yes	Licensees must establish Voluntary Exclusion lists, provide information on responsible gambling, and conduct a public awareness campaign to	No ⁱⁱ

				educate the public on responsible gambling.	
Delaware	Office of the State Lottery	Casinos, facilities operated by video lottery agents	Yes	No	No
Florida ⁱⁱⁱ Chapter 2021-269 Chapter 2021-268	Seminole Tribe Gaming Commission	Tribal Casinos	Yes	Consumer protections may include information, materials, and procedures needed to assist users with compulsive or addictive gambling problems.	No
Illinois 230 ILCS 45	Illinois Gaming Board	Racetracks, casinos, OTBs, sports facilities, retailers, licensed sports facilities, State Fair terminals	Yes	Each master sports wagering licensee shall include a statement on seeking assistance with gambling problems; internet wagering system shall permit a patron to voluntarily impose limitations; self-exclusion.	No
Indiana	Indiana Gaming Commission	Casinos, racetracks, riverboats, and off-track betting facilities	Yes	Self-exclusion; operators shall display a responsible gaming logo in to direct a patron to the sports wagering operator's responsible gaming webpage; direct marketing prohibited.	No
Iowa Chapter 13 Chapter 14 Regulation 99F.1	Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission	Casinos, racetracks, gambling boat/structure	Yes	Voluntary exclusion; Licensees are required to list problem gambling hotline & resources on their website or mobile app; Players can easily impose deposit limits.	No
Kansas 112-112-6	Kansas lottery, Racing and Gaming Commission	Casinos, auto racetrack facilities, and professional sports teams can partner with mobile and retail sportsbook operators	Yes	Advertisements shall not target vulnerable persons; Toll-free number and referral services for compulsive and problem gambling on ads; Self-exclusion; The Secretary shall ensure an adequate problem gambling services network.	The Problem Gambling and Addictions Grant Fund is funded through forfeited winnings, or funds from a user who self-excludes.
Kentucky ^{iv} Chapter 147	The Kentucky Horse Racing Commission	Racetracks	Yes	Self-exclusion; responsible gaming program that requires	2.5% of the funds from the Sports Wagering

				including toll-free number to assistance helpline on a website or mobile application.	Administration Fund shall be deposited into the problem gambling assistance account.
Louisiana Title 42 Louisiana Gaming	Louisiana Gaming Control Board	casinos, riverboat, racetrack, and online operators	Yes	Licensees are required to list problem gambling hotline & resources for online sports betting; operators create responsible gaming plans; Self-exclusion; Annual trainings.	1%, not to exceed \$500,000 of the tax revenue after initial allocation to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, should go to the Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund each fiscal year.
Maine 8 M.R.S.A Ch. 5	Gambling Control Unit	Commercial tracks not located in Bangor, casinos, off-track betting facilities, and tribal casinos	Yes	Each licensee shall have a responsible wagering program; annually train employees; self-exclusion; limits on deposits, amounts wagered, time spent wagering, and time on session.	10% of adjusted gross sports wagering receipts forwarded to the State Treasurer who deposits 1% in the Gambling Addiction Prevention and Treatment Fund.
Maryland	State Lottery and Gaming Control Commission	Video Lottery Facilities, Racetracks, sports facilities, state fairgrounds, commercial bingo hall	Yes	Voluntary exclusion; Advertising prohibitions; 24 hour hotline providing peer counseling and support services.	Any sports winnings not collected within 182 days will be distributed to the Problem Gambling Fund.
Massachusetts Mass. General Laws c23N § 15	Massachusetts Gaming Commission	Gaming establishments with table games and slot machines, casinos, racetracks	Yes	Self-exclusion; Advertising restrictions; Operator responsible gaming plan; Display the telephone number and website for a problem gambling hotline.	9% of license fees and excise taxes imposed on sports wagering operators to the Public Health Trust Fund; the remaining amount from the 200k fee for processing a gaming application and

					any appropriation authorized by the Court shall go to the Sports Wagering Control Fund.
Michigan 432.416	Michigan Gaming Control Board	Casinos	Yes	Online operators must make the phone number of a gambling hotline conspicuous and available; voluntary exclusion; statewide responsible gaming database.	1/10 of 1% of the gross wagers made each year in the racetracks licensed under the horse racing law of 1995, at least 10% of the net revenue from the state lottery fund, and \$500,000 from the internet sports betting fund shall be given annually to the Compulsive Gaming Prevention Fund.
Mississippi	Mississippi Gaming Commission	Casinos	Yes, when physically present in a licensed casino or hotel.	Exclusion List	No
Montana ^v Rule Ch. 23.16 Title 23-5-177	Montana Lottery	May allow sports wagering at a sales agent location licensed by the director.	Yes	No	No
Nebraska Horsetrack Gaming Act Title 296 Ch. 13 Ch. 14	State Racing and Gaming Commission	In-person or at wagering kiosk in designated area at a licensed racetrack.	No	Self-exclusion; Employee training on compulsive gambling assistance plan; operators have compulsive gambling assistance plan.	No
Nevada	Nevada Gaming Control Board, Gaming Commission	No location restrictions, but for areas located in the immediate vicinity of churches, schools, and playgrounds; difficult to police;	Yes	Self-exclusion; Licensees shall ensure that its patrons can select responsible gambling options associated with their wagering account; Conspicuously display	No

		lacking adequate surveillance; or against public policy of Nevada.		responsible gambling messaging.	
New Hampshire ^{vi}	Division of Sports Wagering within the State Lottery Commission	Any town or city may allow a sports book retail location, following certain provisions listed in the statute.	Yes	Voluntary Exclusion program requirement; Wager limits for daily, weekly, monthly amounts consistent with best practices in addressing problem gambling; establishment of Council for Responsible Gaming which promotes education, prevention, and treatment of problem gambling.	Money can be spent on problem gambling programming but no specified amount.
New Jersey P.L.2018, Ch.33 Ch. 69A, final rule	Division of Gaming Enforcement	Casinos and racetracks	yes	Annual report on impact of sports wagering on problem gamblers and gambling addiction in New Jersey. Problem gambling language in all print, billboard, sign, online, or broadcast advertisements of a sports pool and online sports pool and in every sports wagering lounge. Funding within the State General Fund for evidence-based prevention, education, and treatment programs for compulsive gambling.	A percentage ^{vii} of the fee paid for a license to operate a sports pool shall be deposited into the State General Fund for appropriation by the Legislature to the Department of Health to provide funds for evidence-based prevention, education, and treatment programs for compulsive gambling.
New Mexico Title 15: Gambling and Liquor Control Chapter 60 - Business Licenses	Tribal Gaming Regulatory Commission and New Mexico Gaming Control Board	Tribal Casinos	No	Self-exclusion	No
New York	New York State Gaming Commission	Casinos	Yes	If user's lifetime deposit exceeds \$2,500, operators must prevent wagering until the patron acknowledges	1% of state revenue from mobile sports betting goes towards

				they met the threshold and whether they want to set responsible limits or close the account; operators maintain webpages dedicated to responsible play.	problem gambling education & treatment programs administered by the NYS Office of Addiction Services and Supports.
North Carolina Chapter 18C of NC General Statutes HB 347 signed into law	North Carolina State Lottery Commission	Tribal casinos	Yes	Self-exclusion; responsible gaming limits; Operator shall provide readily accessible responsible playing information; conspicuous signs; operators create responsible gaming plan; advertising to include responsible gaming messaging.	The North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services will get \$2 million for gambling addiction education and treatment programs.
North Dakota ^{viii}	Each tribe has its own regulatory body	Tribal casinos	<p>Yes - Spirit Lake Tribe</p> <p>Yes – Standing Rock</p> <p>Yes – Fort Berthold Reservation</p> <p>Yes – Sisseton-Wahpeton</p> <p>Yes – Turtle Mountain</p>	<p>Spirit Lake Tribe may set limits.</p> <p>Standing Rock may set limits.</p> <p>Fort Berthold may set limits.</p> <p>Sisseton-Wahpeton may set limits.</p> <p>Turtle Mountain may set limits.</p>	<p>Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians pays \$25,000 per year to support gambling addiction.</p> <p>Spirit Lake Tribe pays \$25,000 per year to support gambling addiction treatment.</p> <p>Standing Rock pays \$25,000 per year for gambling addiction treatment.</p> <p>Fort Berthold pays \$25,000 per year for gambling addiction treatment.</p>

					Sisseton-Wahpeton pays \$25,000 per year for gambling addiction treatment.
Ohio Title 37 Ch. 3775	Ohio Casino Control Commission	No location restrictions	Yes	Voluntary exclusion programs; advertisements must contain information about accessing resources related to problem gambling.	2% of the remaining tax revenue once a fiscal quarter goes towards the problem sports gaming fund.
Oregon ^{ix} 461.500, 461.549 413.522 **Oregon doesn't have an official sports betting law because the state was exempted from PASPA.	Oregon Lottery	No location restrictions	Yes	No	Allocate an amount equal to the greater of either 1% of money transferred from the State Lottery Fund to the Administrative Services Economic Development Fund (EDF) or 1% of the money transferred from the State Lottery Fund to the EDF to the Problem Gambling Fund. A portion of the net proceeds from video lottery funds shall go to the Problem Gambling Fund.
Pennsylvania 58 Pa Code 1401 Title 4 Ch. 13C11	Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board	Slot machine licensees, table game certificate holder, and interactive gaming operators	Yes	Phone number for problem gambling posted conspicuously; employee training; voluntary exclusion program; responsible gaming limits.	Winnings forfeited when a person engages in sports wagering from an unauthorized location go into the Compulsive and Problem Gambling Treatment Fund. .2% of the total

					gross sports wagering revenue shall be transferred into the Fund.
Rhode Island ^x	Rhode Island Lottery Division	Casinos	Yes	Problem Gambling Awareness training for casino employees; voluntary exclusion program; promotion of problem gambling hotline.	\$125,000 annual payment from casinos towards problem gambling treatment programs.
South Dakota 42-7B-79	South Dakota Commission on Gaming	Casinos within the city limits of Deadwood	No		No
Tennessee Ch 1350-01	Tennessee Sports Wagering Council	Online only within the boundaries of the State	Yes	Regulations require each licensee to develop a Responsible Gaming Plan that includes self-exclusion; grant program to provide problem gambling treatment programs; annual report on programs implemented to address problem gambling in the state.	5% of the privilege tax allocated to the department of mental health and substance abuse services.
Vermont Sports Wagering Procedures	Department of Liquor and Lottery	Operators selected through a competitive bidding process.	Yes	Limits for daily, weekly, and monthly wagers; self-exclusion; available resources on problem gambling; conspicuously display helpline number and link to responsible gambling information.	No
Virginia	Virginia Lottery Board	Casinos	Yes	Self-exclusion	2.5% of the tax revenue collected to the Problem Gambling Treatment and Support Fund.
Washington ^{xi} Title 9 Ch. 9.46 RCW	Washington State Gambling Commission	Class III tribal casinos in the state	Yes, at a casino	Contract must address responsible and problem gambling; self-exclusion; Signs with problem gambling toll-free helpline and information shall be placed in establishments.	Money forfeited must be distributed to the problem gambling account created in RCW 41.05.751 and/or a charitable nonprofit that

					provides problem gambling services. _
Washington, DC ^{xii}	Office of Lottery and Gaming	Sports Facilities; retail locations	Yes	Regulations require responsible gaming logo and information on all online apps; public display of problem gambling treatment resources; employee training for compulsive gambling signs; voluntary exclusion program. _	\$200,000 of tax revenue shall be used to fund programs through the Department of Behavioral Health to prevent, treat, and research gambling addiction. _
West Virginia	West Virginia Lottery Commission	Operators of video lottery terminals, racetracks, historic resort hotel	Yes	Inclusion of statement: "If you or someone you know has a gambling problem and wants help, call 1-800 GAMBLER," in every designated area approved for sports wagering and on any mobile application or other digital platform used to place wagers.	No
Wisconsin ^{xiii}	Office of Indian Gaming and Regulatory Compliance	Certain Tribal Casinos	Yes, on properties associated with tribes who have signed a compact with the State. _	None listed in tribal compacts. _	No
Wyoming ^{xiv}	Wyoming Gaming Commission	Online only	Yes	Self-exclusion; wagering and depositing limits; suspending accounts at request of user. _	\$300,000 annually distributed to county health programs to prevent and treat problem gambling. _

ⁱ The Arkansas Constitution was amended in 2018 to include sports betting in the definition of "casino gaming" so while this funding was only added when Arkansas legalized sports betting, it can actually go to any type of casino gaming, not just sports betting.

ⁱⁱ Tribal casinos must contribute \$500,000 annually and the Lottery must contribute \$1M annually to state problem gambling programs. These revenues come from sports wagering, online casino gaming, and fantasy contests.

ⁱⁱⁱ After litigation challenges that started in 2021, Florida resumed online sports betting in 2023 and began retail betting in December 2023.

^{iv} Kentucky is one of the handful of states that set the minimum age to 18 instead of 21.

^v Montana is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.

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- ^{vi} Of note, New Hampshire is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^{vii} The percentage is determined by the division, no information on the current percentage.
- ^{viii} North Dakota does not have any sports betting laws. However, tribes can offer sports betting through compacts with the state. Each tribe's gambling commission is its own regulatory body.
- ^{ix} Of note, Oregon is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^x Rhode Island is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^{xi} Of note, Washington state is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^{xii} DC is one of a handful of jurisdictions that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^{xiii} Wisconsin is one of a handful of jurisdictions that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.
- ^{xiv} Wyoming is one of a handful of states that set the minimum age at 18 instead of 21.